

Klaverutdrag

Piano score



AUGUST SÖDERMAN

1832-1876

Katolsk Messa

Catholic Mass

Källkritisk utgåva av/Critical edition by Finn Rosengren

Levande musikarv och Kungl. Musikaliska akademien

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Katolsk Messa

Missa

1. Kyrie

Allegro moderato

August Söderman
(1832-1876)

The musical score consists of ten staves. On the left, vertical labels 'Soli' and 'Coro' are positioned between groups of staves. The top group of staves, under 'Soli', contains four staves for Soprano, Alto, Tenore, and Basso, all in C major (indicated by a C with a sharp sign) and common time (indicated by a 'C'). The bottom group of staves, under 'Coro', also contains four staves for Soprani, Alti, Tenori, and Bassi, in the same key signature and time signature. The piano part, located at the bottom, starts with a dynamic of *p* and a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. It then transitions to a dynamic of *pp marc.* with a triplets indicator (3).

5

Coro

p Ky - ri - e Ky-ri - e

p Ky - ri - e Ky-ri - e

p Ky - ri - e Kyri - e

p Ky - ri - e Kyri - e

f marc.

p

10

Coro

p *marc.*

ff *marc.*

15

mf

Ky - ri - e Ky - ri - e

mf

Ky - ri - e Ky - ri - e

mf

Ky - ri - e Ky - ri - e

mf

Ky - ri - e Ky - ri - e

ff marc.

3

3

Coro

19

Coro

Ky-ri - e

f

ff

fff

Coro

Ky-ri - e

f

ff

fff

Ky-ri - e

fff marc.

24 A

p Ky - ri - e e -

Coro *p* Ky - ri - e e - - le - - i - son e -

con espr. *p* *marc.*

28 *3* *3* le - - i - son *mf* Ky - ri - e e -

Coro *3* *3* le - - i - son e - le - i *3* - son *con espr.*

32

Coro

le - i - son e - le i - son

mf

Ky - ri - e e - - le - - i - son

crescendo

36

Coro

Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e

f *ff* *fff*

Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e

f *ff* *fff*

Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e

f *ff* *fff*

ff

B

41

S. solo dolce sostenuto

Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le ³ - i - son _____ Chri-ste

A. solo dolce sostenuto

Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - i - son _____ Chri-ste

T. solo dolce sostenuto

Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - i - son _____ Chri-ste

B. solo dolce sostenuto

Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - i - son _____ Chri-ste

p dolce f

46

S. solo

Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - i-son Chri - ste Chri - ste e -

A. solo

Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - i-son

T. solo

Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - i-son Chri - ste Chri - ste e -

B. solo

Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - i-son

p

51

S. solo

A. solo

T. solo

B. solo

Coro

p

p

p

p

p

le - i - son

Chri - ste Chri - ste e - le - i -

le - i - son

Chri - ste Chri - ste e - le - i -

Chri-ste e - le - i-son Chri-ste e -

Chri-ste e - le - i-son Chri-ste e -

Chri-ste e - le³ - i-son Chri-ste e -

Chri - ste Chri - ste e - le - i -

C

56

S. solo *f*

A. solo *f*

T. solo *f*

B. solo *f*

Coro

Chri - ste e - le-i - son

son Chri - ste e - le-i - son

Chri - ste e - le-i - son

son Chri - ste e - le-i - son

le³ - i-son Chri - ste e - le-i - son

le³ - i-son Chri - ste e - le-i - son

le³ - i-son Chri - ste e - le-i - son

f

ff marc.

61

S. solo **p** *sost.*

A. solo **p** *sost.*

T. solo **p** *sost.*

B. solo **p** *sost.*

p *sost.* 3

cresc. 3

D *dolce sost.*

S. solo Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le ³ - - i - son,
dolce sost.

A. solo Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - - i - son
dolce sost.

T. solo Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - - i - son
dolce sost.

B. solo Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - - i - son

p

74 *f*

S. solo Chri - ste Chri - ste e - le - i - son

A. solo Chri - ste Chri - ste e - le - i - son

T. solo Chri - ste Chri - ste e - le - i - son

B. solo Chri - ste Chri - ste e - le - i - son

f crescendo ³

79

E

Coro

Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e

Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e Ky - ri - e

Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e

Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e Ky-ri - e

con espr.

mf

84

Coro

mf

Ky - ri - e e - - le - - i -

e - - le - - i - son e - - le - - i -

marc.

88

Coro

son e - le - i - son

mf con espr.

Ky - ri - e - - - le - - - i -

mf con espr.

Ky - ri - e

92

Coro

son e - le - i - son

e - - - le - - - i - son

crescendo

96

F

Coro

Ky-ri-e Ky - ri-e

Ky-ri-e Ky - ri-e

Ky-ri-e Ky - ri-e

Ky-ri-e Ky - ri-e

ff fff p

102

Coro

Ky-

Ky-

Ky-

Ky-

p

pp marc.

f marc.

107

S. solo *pp dolce*
 Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - i -

A. solo *pp dolce*
 Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - i -

T. solo *pp dolce*
 8 Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - i -

B. solo *pp dolce*
 Chri - ste e - le - i-son e - le - i -

- ri - e Ky-ri - e

Coro
 - ri - e Ky-ri - e

- ri - e Ky-ri - e

f

f

f

p

112

S. solo A. solo T. solo B. solo Coro

fff Chri-ste Chri - ste e - le - i - son

fff Chri-ste Chri - ste e - le - i - son

fff Chri-ste Chri - ste e - le - i - son

fff Chri-ste Chri - ste e - le - i - son

fff Chri-ste Chri - ste e - le - i - son

fff Chri-ste Chri - ste e - le - i - son

fff Chri-ste Chri - ste e - le - i - son

fff Chri-ste Chri - ste e - le - i - son

f *fff* *crescendo*

2. Gloria

Allegro $\text{♩} = 112$

Soli e Coro

ff marc.

Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a in ex-

ff marc.

Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a in ex-

ff marc.

Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a in ex-

ff marc.

Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a in ex-

Piano

ff marc.

ff marc.

ff marc.

ff marc.

cel sis Glo-ri - a *sempre ff*

sempre ff

3

12

Soli
e
Coro

Glo - ri - a in ex - cel

Glo - ri - a in ex - cel

Glo - ri - a in ex - cel

Glo - ri - a in ex - cel

8va

8va

17 A

Soli
e
Coro

sis

Glo-ri - a

Glo-ri - a

sis

Glo-ri - a

Glo-ri - a

sis

Glo-ri - a

Glo-ri - a

3

3

23

S. Solo *fff* — Glo - ri - a

A. Solo *fff* — Glo - ri - a

T. Solo *fff* — ⁸ Glo - ri - a

B. Solo *fff* — Glo - ri - a

Coro *fff* — *p* *sost.* Glo - ri - a in ex-cel - sis De - o in ex-cel - sis De -

fff — *p* *sost.* Glo - ri - a in ex-cel - sis De - o in ex-cel - sis De -

fff — *p* *sost.* Glo - ri - a in ex-cel - sis De - o in ex-cel - sis De -

8va — *fff*

B

28

S. Solo *dolce sost.* *crescendo*
 Glo - ri - a____ in ex - cel - sis De - o____ in ter - ra

A. Solo *dolce sost.* *crescendo*
 Glo - ri - a____ in ex - cel - sis De - o et in ter - ra

T. Solo *dolce sost.* *crescendo* *tr*
 8 Glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o____ in ter - ra

B. Solo *dolce sost.* *crescendo*
 Glo - ri - a____ in ex - cel - sis De - o et in ter - ra

Coro *f*
 o Glo - ri - a

Coro *f*
 o Glo - ri - a

Coro *f*
 o Glo - ri - a

Coro *p sost.* *crescendo*

33

S. Solo *f*
pax ho-mi - ni - bus ho-mi - ni - bus bo-nae vo - lun-

A. Solo *f*
pax pax ho-mi - ni - bus pax ho-mi - ni - bus bo-nae vo - lun-

T. Solo *f*
pax pax ho-mi - ni - bus pax ho-mi - ni - bus bo-nae vo - lun-

B. Solo *f*
pax pax ho-mi - ni - bus pax ho-mi - ni - bus bo-nae vo - lun-

- *ff* Glo - ri - a

- *ff* Glo - ri - a

Coro
- *ff* Glo - ri - a

- *ff* Glo - ri - a

f

m.s.

37

S. Solo *p* *crescendo*

A. Solo *p* *crescendo*

T. Solo *p* *crescendo tr*

B. Solo *p* *crescendo*

Coro *f*. Glo-ri-a

Coro *f*. Glo-ri-a

Coro *f*. Glo-ri-a

p *crescendo*

42

S. Solo — in ter - ra pax ho-mi - ni - bus ho-mi - ni -

A. Solo - o et in ter - ra pax pax ho-mi - ni - bus pax ho-mi - ni -

T. Solo 8 — in ter - ra pax pax ho-mi - ni - bus pax ho-mi - ni -

B. Solo - o et in ter - ra pax pax ho-mi - ni - bus pax ho-mi - ni -

Coro Glo-ri-a

Coro Glo-ri-a

Coro Glo-ri-a

Coro Glo-ri-a

f

ff.

f

m.s.

46

S. Solo bus bo-nae vo - lun - ta - - - tis Glo-ri - a De -

A. Solo bus bo-nae vo - lun - ta - - - tis Glo-ri - a De -

T. Solo bus bo-nae vo - lun - ta - - - tis Glo-ri - a De -

B. Solo bus bo-nae vo - lun - ta - - - tis Glo - ri -

Coro Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri -

Coro Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri -

Coro Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri -

51 C

S. Solo A. Solo T. Solo B. Solo

Coro

a *ff* *p* *cresc.*
 - a Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis De - o in ex-cel-sis
ff *p* *cresc.*
 a Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis De - o in ex-cel-sis
ff *p* *cresc.*
 a Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis De - o in ex-cel-sis
ff *p* *cresc.*
 a Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a in ex-cel-sis De - o in ex-cel-sis

57 D

Coro

De - o in ex-cel-sis De - - - o
 De - o in ex-cel-sis De - - - o
 De - o in ex-cel-sis De - - - o
 De - o in ex-cel-sis De - - - o

p *mf* *molto cresc.* *ff marc.*

62

Soli e Coro

ff marc

Glo - ri - a in ex -
 Glo - ri - a in ex -

67

Soli e Coro

cel - sis *Glo - ri - a*
cel - sis *Glo - ri - a*
cel - sis *Glo - ri - a*
cel - sis *Glo - ri - a*

sempre ff

72

S. Solo Glo-ri - a Glo-ri - a

A. Solo Glo-ri - a Glo-ri - a

T. Solo Glo-ri - a Glo-ri - a

B. Solo Glo-ri - a Glo-ri - a

p

Glo-ri - a Glo-ri - a in ex-cel-sis De - o in ex-cel-sis De - o

p

Coro Glo-ri - a Glo-ri - a in ex-cel-sis De - o in ex-cel-sis De - o

p

Glo-ri - a Glo-ri - a in ex-cel-sis De - o in ex-cel-sis De - o

8va-----1

78

Coro

in ex-cel-sis De - - o Glo - ri - a

in ex-cel-sis De - - o Glo - ri - a

in ex-cel-sis De - - o Glo - ri - a

in ex-cel-sis De - - o Glo - ri - a

p *cresc.*

83 [E]

dolce sostenuto

crescendo

f

88

93

F

S. Solo

A. Solo *p marc.*
Cum San - cto tu - o

T. Solo

B. Solo

ten. *mf* *dim.* *p*

99

S. Solo *p dolce*
Cum San - cto

A. Solo Spi - ri - tu in_Glo-ri-a De - i Pa - tris

T. Solo *p marc.*
Cum San - cto Spi - ri - tu in Glo - ri - a De - i Pa -

B. Solo *p marc.*
Cum San - cto

p dolce sost.

105

S. Solo tu - o Spi - ri - tu _____ in Glo - ri - a

A. Solo cum San - cto Spi - ri - tu in

T. Solo - - - tris cum San - cto Spi - ri - tu in

B. Solo tu - o Spi - ri - tu in Glo - ri - a

Coro

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

crescendo

109

S. Solo De - i Pa - - - - tris

A. Solo f Glo - ri - a De - i Pa - - - - tris

T. Solo f 8 Glo - ri - a De - - i Pa - - - - tris

B. Solo f Glo - ri - a De - - i Pa - - - - tris

Coro Cum San - cto

Coro Cum San - cto

Coro Cum San - cto

marc.

f m.s.

113

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Coro

Spi - ri - tu in Glo - ri - a De - - - i

Spi - ri - tu in Glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris in

Spi - ri - tu in Glo - ri - a De - i Pat - ris De - i

Spi - ri - tu in Glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris

f

tr

m.s.

118

S. Solo *marc.*
Cum San - cto

A. Solo *marc.*
Cum San - - - cto Spi - ri -

T. Solo *marc.*
Cum San - cto Spi-ri

B. Solo *marc. tr.*
Cum San - cto Spi - ri -

Coro

De - i Pa - - - tris

Glo - ri - a De - i Pa - - - tris

Pat - ris in Glo - ri - a De - i Pa - - tris

in Glo - ri - a De - i Pa - - tris

m.d.

p

tr.

marc.

123

S. Solo Spi - ri - tu in Glo - - ri - a De - i Pa - tris Cum

A. Solo tu in Glo - ri - a De - - i Pa - tris Cum

T. Solo tu in Glo - - ri - a De - i Pa - tris Cum *marc.*

B. Solo tu in Glo - - ri - a De - i Pa - tris Cum *tr.*

Coro - - - - - *p* Cum

Coro - - - - - *p* Cum

Coro - - - - - *p marc.* Cum

Coro - - - - - *p* Cum

127 **G**

S. Solo *crescendo* **f**
 San - - cto Spi - ri - tu _____ in Glo - ri - a

A. Solo *crescendo* **f**
 San - - cto Spi - ri - tu _____ in Glo - ri - a _____ in Glo - ri -

T. Solo *crescendo* **f**
 San - cto Spi - ri - tu in Glo - ri - - a in Glo - ri -

B. Solo *crescendo* **f**
 San - - - cto Spi - ri - tu in Glo - ri - -

Coro *crescendo* **f**
 San - - cto Spi - ri - tu _____ in Glo - ri - a _____ in Glo - ri -

Coro *crescendo* **f**
 San - - - cto Spi - ri - tu in Glo - ri - - a in Glo - ri -

Coro *crescendo* **f**
 San - - - cto Spi - ri - tu in Glo - ri - -

Coro *crescendo* **f**
 San - - - cto Spi - ri - tu in Glo - ri - -

Coro *crescendo* **tr**
 San - - - cto Spi - ri - tu in Glo - ri - -

133

S. Solo De - i

A. Solo a in Glo - ri - a in__ Glo - ri - a, in__ Glo - ri - a De - i

T. Solo a____ in Glo - ri - a in__ Glo - ri - a, in__ Glo - ri - a De - i

B. Solo a in Glo - ri - a_____ De - i

Coro in__ Glo - ri - a in__ Glo - ri - a
a in Glo - ri - a_____

 a____ in Glo - ri - a in__ Glo - ri - a in__ Glo - ri - a
a in Glo - ri - a_____



rall. **H** a tempo

138

S. Solo *mf*

Pa - - tris. Lau-da-mus te be-ne - di - ci-mus te a - do -

A. Solo *mf*

Pa - - tris. Lau - da - mus te be-ne - di - ci-mus

T. Solo *mf*

Pa - - tris. Lau - da - mus te be-ne - di - ci-mus

B. Solo *mf*

Pa - - tris. Be-ne - di - ci-mus

Lau-da-mus te be-ne - di - ci-mus te a - do -

Coro *mf*

Lau - da - mus te be-ne - di - ci-mus

Be-ne - di - ci-mus

mf *tr*

143

S. Solo ra - mus te glo - ri - fi - ca - - - - mus te.

A. Solo te a - do - ra - mus te glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te.

T. Solo te glo - ri - fi - ca - - - - mus te.

B. Solo te glo - ri - fi - ca - - - - mus te.

Coro ra - mus te glo - ri - fi - ca - - - - mus te.

te a - do - ra - mus te glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te.

te glo - ri - fi - ca - - - - mus te.

te glo - ri - fi - ca - - - - mus

te glo - - ri - fi - ca - - ca - mus te.

tr *p* *tr*

148

tr *tr* *tr* *tr*

molto cresc.

I

ff marc.

3

153

ff marc.

Soli e Coro

Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a in ex - cel

Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a in ex - cel

Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a in ex - cel

Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a in ex - cel

158

sempr. ff

Soli e Coro

- - sis Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a

sempr. ff

3

J

163

S. Solo Glo - ri - a in ex - cel sis

A. Solo Glo - ri - a in ex - cel sis

T. Solo Glo - ri - a in ex - cel sis

B. Solo Glo - ri - a in ex - cel sis

Glo - ri - a in ex - cel sis

Coro Glo - ri - a in ex - cel sis

Glo - ri - a in ex - cel sis

Glo - ri - a in ex - cel sis

ff marc.

stentato 3

168

S. Solo *stentato*

A. Solo *stentato*

T. Solo *stentato*

B. Solo *stentato*

Coro *stentato*

stentato

stentato

stentato

stentato

173

S. Solo De - - - o Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a

A. Solo De - - - o Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a

T. Solo De - - - o Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a

B. Solo De - - - o Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a

Coro De - - - o Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a

Bass 1 De - - - o Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a

Bass 2 De - - - o Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a Glo - ri - a

178

S. Solo a _____ Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a _____ Glo-ri-a.

A. Solo a _____ Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a _____ Glo-ri-a.

T. Solo a _____ Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a _____ Glo-ri-a.

B. Solo a _____ Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a _____ Glo-ri-a.

Coro a _____ Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a _____ Glo-ri-a.

 Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a _____ Glo-ri-a.

 Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a _____ Glo-ri-a.

 Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a _____ Glo-ri-a.

 Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a _____ Glo-ri-a.

 Glo-ri-a Glo-ri-a Glo - ri - a _____ Glo-ri-a.

3. Credo

Coro

Andante $\text{♩} = 66$

sotto voce

Soprani: Cre - do in u-num De-um Pa - trem
Alti: Cre - do in u-num De-um Pa - trem
Tenori: Cre - do in u-num De-um Pa - trem
Bassi: Cre - do in u-num De-um Pa - trem
Piano: **p** trem. ad libitum

8

crescendo

Coro

ten - tem fac - to - rem coe - li et ter - rae vi-si - bi - li-um om - ni-um et
 ten - tem fac - to - rem coe - li et ter - rae vi-si - bi - li-um om - ni-um et
 ten - tem fac - to - rem coe - li et ter - rae vi-si - bi - li-um om - ni-um et
 ten - tem fac - to - rem coe - li et ter - rae vi-si - bi - li-um om - ni-um et

crescendo

cresc.

A

14

f

Coro

in - vi - si - bi - li - um. Et in u - num Do - mi - num

f

in - vi - si - bi - li - um. Et in u - num Do - mi - num

f

in - vi - si - bi - li - um. Et in u - num Do - mi - num

f

in - vi - si - bi - li - um. Et in u - num Do - mi - num

f

in - vi - si - bi - li - um. Et in u - num Do - mi - num

fp

21

cresc. molto

f stentato

Je - sum Chri - stum Fi - li - um De - i u - ni - ge - ni - tum et ex Pa - tre

cresc. molto

f stentato

Je - sum Chri - stum Fi - li - um De - i u - ni - ge - ni - tum et ex Pa - tre

cresc. molto

f stentato

Je - sum Chri - stum Fi - li - um De - i u - ni - ge - ni - tum et ex Pa - tre

cresc. molto

f stentato

Je - sum Chri - stum Fi - li - um De - i u - ni - ge - ni - tum et ex Pa - tre

cresc. molto

f

27

Coro

na - tum an - te om - ni - a sae - cu - la

na - tum an - te om - ni - a sae - cu - la

na - tum an - te om - ni - a sae - cu - la

na - tum an - te om - ni - a sae - cu - la

B

mf

f

34

B

ff marc.

Coro

De - um de De - o lu - men de lu - mi-ne

ff marc.

De - um de De - o lu - men de lu - mi-ne

ff marc.

De - um de De - o lu - men de lu - mi-ne

ff marc.

De - um de De - o lu - men de lu - mi-ne

8va

ff marc.

41

Coro

sempre ff

De - um ve - rum de De - o ve - ro Ge - ni-tum non fa - ctum
 De - um ve - rum de De - o ve - ro Ge - ni-tum non fa - ctum
 De - um ve - rum de De - o ve - ro Ge - ni-tum non fa - ctum
 De - um ve - rum de De - o ve - ro Ge - ni-tum non fa - ctum
 De - um ve - rum de De - o ve - ro Ge - ni-tum non fa - ctum

sempre ff

sempre ff

sempre ff

sempre ff

48

Coro

con-sub-stan-ti-a-lem Pa - tri per-quem om-ni-a fa - cta sunt__ qui
 con-sub-stan-ti-a-lem Pa - tri per-quem om-ni-a fa - cta sunt__ qui
 con-sub-stan-ti-a-lem Pa - tri per-quem om-ni-a fa - cta sunt__ qui
 con-sub-stan-ti-a-lem Pa - tri per-quem om-ni-a fa - cta sunt__ qui

ff

54 **C**

Coro

prop - ter nos ho - mi-nes et prop - ter no - stram sa - lu - tem

prop - ter nos ho - mi-nes et prop - ter no - stram sa - lu - tem

prop - ter nos ho - mi-nes et prop - ter no - stram sa - lu - tem

prop - ter nos ho - mi-nes et prop - ter no - stram sa - lu - tem

8va *8va*

61

f

Coro

de - scen - dit de coe - lis.

de - scen - dit de coe - lis.

de - scen - dit de coe - lis.

f

p

f

p

f

p

D

69

sotto voce

Coro

Et in-car - na - tus est de Spi - ri-tu San-cto ex Ma-

sotto voce

Et in-car - na - tus est de Spi - ri-tu San-cto ex Ma-

sotto voce

Et in-car - na - tus est de Spi - ri-tu San-cto ex Ma-

sotto voce

Et in-car - na - tus est de Spi - ri-tu San-cto ex Ma-

sotto voce

Et in-car - na - tus est de Spi - ri-tu San-cto ex Ma-

76

crescendo

Coro

ri - a Vir - gi-ne et ho - mo fa - ctus est. Cru - ci-fi-xus e - ti-am pro

crescendo

ri - a Vir - gi-ne et ho - mo fa - ctus est. Cru - ci-fi-xus e - ti-am pro

crescendo

ri - a Vir - gi-ne et ho - mo fa - ctus est. Cru - ci-fi-xus e - ti-am pro

crescendo

ri - a Vir - gi-ne et ho - mo fa - ctus est. Cru - ci-fi-xus e - ti-am pro

crescendo

82

marc.

Coro

no - bis sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la - to pas-sus et se - pul - tus est
marc.

no - bis sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la - to pas-sus et se - pul - tus est
marc.

no - bis sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la - to pas-sus et se - pul - tus est
marc.

no - bis sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la - to pas-sus et se - pul - tus est

ff

f

89

E *marc.*

Coro

et re-sur-re-xit ter - ti - a di - e se - cun - dum scrip-

et re-sur-re-xit ter - ti - a di - e se - cun - dum scrip-

et re-sur-re-xit ter - ti - a di - e se - cun - dum scrip-

ff

ff

96

sempre ff

Coro

tu - ras et a - scen - dit in coe - lum se - det ad
tu - ras et a - scen - dit in coe - lum se - det ad
tu - ras et a - scen - dit in coe - lum se - det ad
tu - ras et a - scen - dit in coe - lum se - det ad

sempre ff

sempre ff

sempre ff

sempre ff

103

Coro

dex - te-ram Pa - tris et i - te-rum ven - tu - rus est cum glo - ri-a ju - di -
dex - te-ram Pa - tris et i - te-rum ven - tu - rus est cum glo - ri-a ju - di -
dex - te-ram Pa - tris et i - te-rum ven - tu - rus est cum glo - ri-a ju - di -
dex - te-ram Pa - tris et i - te-rum ven - tu - rus est cum glo - ri-a ju - di -

ff

ff

F

110

Coro

ca - re vi - vos et mor - tu - os cu - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis
 ca - re vi - vos et mor - tu - os cu - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis
 ca - re vi - vos et mor - tu - os cu - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis
 ca - re vi - vos et mor - tu - os cu - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis

117

Coro

cu - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis.
 cu - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis.
 cu - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis.
 cu - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis.

124

G

p sotto voce **pp**

Et in Spi - ri-tum San - ctum Do - mi-num

p sotto voce **pp**

Et in Spi - ri-tum San - ctum Do - mi-num

p sotto voce **pp**

Coro Et in Spi - ri-tum San - ctum Do - mi-num

p sotto voce **pp**

Et in Spi - ri-tum San - ctum Do - mi-num

131

crescendo

et vi - vi - fi - can - tem qui ex Pa - tre Fi - li - o - que pro - ce - dit qui cum

crescendo

et vi - vi - fi - can - tem qui ex Pa - tre Fi - li - o - que pro - ce - dit qui cum

crescendo

Coro et vi - vi - fi - can - tem qui ex Pa - tre Fi - li - o - que pro - ce - dit qui cum

crescendo

et vi - vi - fi - can - tem qui ex Pa - tre Fi - li - o - que pro - ce - dit qui cum

crescendo

H

138

Coro

ff stentato

Pa - tre et Fi - li-o si - mul a - do - ra - tur et con-glo-ri - fi - ca - tur

Pa - tre et Fi - li-o si - mul a - do - ra - tur et con-glo-ri - fi - ca - tur

Pa - tre et Fi - li-o si - mul a - do - ra - tur et con-glo-ri - fi - ca - tur

Pa - tre et Fi - li-o si - mul a - do - ra - tur et con-glo-ri - fi - ca - tur

trem. ad lib. cresc. molto *ff stentato*

145

Coro

qui lo - cu - tus est per Pro - phe - tas. Et u - nam san - ctam ca -

qui lo - cu - tus est per Pro - phe - tas. Et u - nam san - ctam ca -

qui lo - cu - tus est per Pro - phe - tas. Et u - nam san - ctam ca -

qui lo - cu - tus est per Pro - phe - tas. Et u - nam san - ctam ca -

ff

marc. *marc.*

152

I

p

Coro

tho - li-cam et a - po - sto - li-cam Ec - cle - si-am. Con - fi - te-or
 tho - li-cam et a - po - sto - li-cam Ec - cle - si-am. Con - fi - te-or
 tho - li-cam et a - po - sto - li-cam Ec - cle - si-am. Con - fi - te-or
 (8) |
 tho - li-cam et a - po - sto - li-cam Ec - cle - si-am. Con - fi - te-or

158

f

Coro

u - num Bap - tis - ma in re-mis - sio - nem pec - ca - to - rum et ex-
 u - num Bap - tis - ma in re-mis - sio - nem pec - ca - to - rum et ex-
 u - num Bap - tis - ma in re-mis - sio - nem pec - ca - to - rum et ex-
 u - num Bap - tis - ma in re-mis - sio - nem pec - ca - to - rum et ex-

165

ff

Coro

pe - cto re-sur-re-cti - o - nem mor - tu - o - rum et
 pe - cto re-sur-re-cti - o - nem mor - tu - o - rum et
 pe - cto re-sur-re-cti - o - nem mor - tu - o - rum et
 pe - cto re-sur-re-cti - o - nem mor - tu - o - rum et

173 **J**

Coro

vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li. A

vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li. A

vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li. A

vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li. A

ff

f

fff

pp

180

Coro

men A men.

men A men.

men A men.

men A men.

ff *marc.* **pp**

4. Offertorium

Lento $\text{♩} = 66$

p con espressione

sost.

p

mf

f

p

con espr.

con espr.

26

31

36 **B**

42

48

54

60 C

66

71

75 D marc.

79

83

cresc.molto
ff

87

dim.
p

91 [E]

sost.
energico

97

con espress.
rallentando
dim.
p

102

rall.
pp
dim.

5. Sanctus

Andante ♩ = 80

Soli

Soprano Alto Tenore Basso

Coro

Soprani Alti Tenori Bassi

Piano

The musical score consists of eight staves. The top four staves are grouped under 'Soli' and the bottom four under 'Coro'. Each staff has a clef, key signature (one flat), and a tempo marking of Andante (♩ = 80). The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Basso) sing the word 'Sanctus' in unison. The piano part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The vocal entries begin at measure 1, with dynamic markings of *f* and *ff*. The piano part begins at measure 5, with dynamic markings of *f* and *ff*.

6

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Coro

p

Ple - ni sunt

p marc.

Ple - ni sunt_

Do-mi-nus De - us_ Sa - ba-oth

Do-mi-nus De - us_ Sa - ba-oth

Do-mi-nus De - us_ Sa - ba-oth

p marc.

10 *p marc.*

S. Solo Ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a tu - - a

A. Solo coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a tu - - a ple - ni sunt

T. Solo coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a tu - - a ple - ni sunt

B. Solo *marc.*
San-ctus Do-mi-nus De-us Sa - ba - oth Ple - ni sunt

Coro *mf marc.*
San - ctus Do - mi-nus
San - ctus Do - mi-nus
San - ctus Do - mi-nus

mf marc.
San - ctus Do - mi-nus

mf marc.
San - ctus Do - mi-nus

14

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

f

De - us Sa - ba - oth

Coro

f

De - us Sa - ba - oth

f

De - us Sa - ba - oth

f

De - us Sa - ba - oth

18

S. Solo **A**

A. Solo **p**

T. Solo **p**

B. Solo **p**

Coro

Ple - ni sunt coe - li et

mf marc.

Ple - ni sunt coe - li et

mf marc.

Ple - ni sunt -

mf

San-ctus Do-mi-nus

22 *f marc.*

S. Solo San - - ctus Do - - mi-nus De - us

A. Solo San - - ctus Do - - mi-nus De - us

T. Solo San - - ctus Do - - mi-nus De - us

B. Solo San - - ctus Do - - mi-nus De - us

Coro ter - ra glo - ri - a tu - - a ple - - ni sunt coe - li et ter - - ra - -
 Coro ter - ra glo - ri - a tu - - a ple - - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a
 Coro coe - li et ter - - ra glo - ri - a tu - - a ple - - ni sunt coe - li et
 Coro De-us Sa - ba - oth Ple - - ni sunt coe - li coe - li et

ff

ff

ff

ff

27

S. Solo *f*

A. Solo *f*

T. Solo *f*

B. Solo *f*

Coro

Sa - ba - oth ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a tu - - -
 Sa - ba - oth ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a tu - - -
 Sa - ba - oth ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a tu - - -
 Sa - ba - oth ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a tu - - -
 glo - ri - a tu - - a ple - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - ri - a tu - - -
 tu - - a ple - - ni sunt coe - li et ter - ra glo - - ri - a
 ter - ra glo - - ri - a tu - - a glo - - ri - a tu - - -
 ter - - ra glo - - ri - a glo - - ri - a glo - - ri - a

B

31

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Coro

f

- a Ho - san - na Ho - san - na

f

tu - a Ho - san - na Ho - san - na

f

- a Ho - san - na Ho - san - na

f

tu - a Ho - san - na Ho - san - na

f marc.

36

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Coro

The musical score page 69 features five vocal parts: Soprano Solo (S. Solo), Alto Solo (A. Solo), Tenor Solo (T. Solo), Bass Solo (B. Solo), and Chorus (Coro). The vocal parts sing the phrase "Ho-san - na_ in ex - cel - sis" in a repeating pattern. The piano accompaniment consists of a treble clef staff with eighth-note chords and a bass clef staff with sustained notes. Measure 36 begins with four measures of silence for the vocal parts, followed by the vocal entries and piano accompaniment.

Ho-san - na_ in ex - cel - sis Ho-san - na_ in ex - cel - sis

Ho-san - na_ in ex - cel - sis Ho-san - na_ in ex - cel - sis

Ho-san - na_ in ex - cel - sis Ho-san - na_ in ex - cel - sis

m.s.

40

S. Solo *f* crescendo

A. Solo *f* crescendo

T. Solo *f* crescendo

B. Solo *f* crescendo

Coro crescendo

Coro crescendo

Coro crescendo

8va

{ *f marc.* crescendo

44 *fff stentato*

S. Solo C

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Coro

(8) *fff stentato* *mf*

The musical score consists of eight staves. The first seven staves represent solo voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and three parts of a Chorus) and are grouped by a vertical brace. The eighth staff represents the piano accompaniment. The vocal parts sing the phrase "Ho-san - na in ex - cel-sis" at dynamic *fff stentato*. The piano part begins with a forte dynamic and then transitions to *mf* at measure 8.

49

S. Solo *p* *pp*
 Ho - san - na Ho - san - na

A. Solo *pp*
 Ho - san - na

T. Solo *p* *pp*
 Ho - san - na Ho -

B. Solo *pp*
 Ho -

Coro *mf*
 Ho - san-na in ex - cel-sis

Coro *mf*
 Ho - san-na in ex - cel-sis

Coro *p*
 Ho - san-na in ex - cel-sis

Coro *p*
 Ho - san-na in ex - cel-sis

Coro *p*
 Ho - san-na in ex - cel-sis

54

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Coro

f

Ho-san - na

f

Ho-san - na

f

Ho-san - na

f

Ho-san - na

f marc.

Ho-san-na Ho - san - - - na in ex - cel -

f marc.

Ho-san-na Ho - san - - - na in ex - cel -

f marc.

Ho-san-na Ho - san - - - na in ex - cel -

f marc.

Ho-san-na Ho - san - - - na in ex - cel -

mf

f

59

S. Solo dim. **p** **pp** < > dim.

A. Solo dim. **p** **pp** < > dim.

T. Solo dim. **p**

B. Solo dim. **p**

Coro dim. **p**

Basso Continuo dim. **p**

Ho-san - na Ho-san - na Ho-san - na

Ho-san - na Ho-san - na Ho-san - na

Ho-san - na Ho-san - na

Ho-san - na Ho-san - na

- - sis.

- - sis.

- sis.

- - sis.

- - sis.

6. Benedictus

Lento $\text{♩} = 63$

Soli

Soprano Alto Tenore Basso

Be - ne - di - ctus qui —

Coro

Soprani Alti Tenori Bassi

Piano

6

S. Solo

ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

A. Solo

ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

T. Solo

8 ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

B. Solo

ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

pp sost. < > < >

Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne -

Coro

Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne -

pp sost. < > < >

Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne -

pp sost. < > < >

Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne -

{

&

10

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Coro

di ctus Be - ne - di - ctus____

di - ctus Be - ne - di - - ctus____

di - ctus Be - ne - di - - ctus____

di - ctus Be - ne - di - - - ctus____

14

S. Solo ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

A. Solo ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

T. Solo ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

B. Solo ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

Coro Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne -

 pp <> <>

 pp <> <>

18

A

Coro

dictus Ben-e-di-ctus.

dictus Ben-e-di-ctus.

dictus Ben-e-di-ctus.

dictus Ben-e-di-ctus.

sostenuto

ppp

3

3

23

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Vl. solo

dolce

Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne -

dolce

Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne -

Be - ne - di - ctus

26

S. Solo di - ctus Be - ne -

A. Solo di - ctus Be - ne -

T. Solo *dolce* Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne -

B. Solo *dolce* Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne -

{ *p* Vc. solo (8) - - - - - 8va - - - - -

29

S. Solo di - ctus qui_____ ve - nit in_____ no - - - mi - ne

A. Solo di - ctus qui_____ ve - nit in_____ no - - - mi - ne

T. Solo di - ctus qui_____ ve - nit in_____ no - - - mi - ne

B. Solo di - ctus qui_____ ve - nit in_____ no - - - mi - ne

{ *sempre f*

B

32

S. Solo Do - mi - ni.

A. Solo Do - mi - ni.

T. Solo Do - mi - ni.

B. Solo Do - mi - ni.

Coro *f marc.*
in no - mi-ne Do - mi-ni _____ in no - mi-ne

Coro *f marc.*
in no - mi-ne Do - mi-ni _____ in no - mi-ne

Coro *f marc.*
in no - mi-ne Do - mi-ni _____ in no - mi-ne

Coro *f marc.*
in no - mi-ne Do - mi-ni _____ in no - mi-ne

pp

f

ff

* *ff*

36

ff energico

Do - mi - ni in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

ff energico

Do - mi - ni in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

ff energico

Coro

Do - mi - ni in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

ff energico

Do - mi - ni in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

f

Do - mi - ni in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

p

Reo. *

39

p

S. Solo in no - mi - ne Do - - - mi -

p

A. Solo in no - mi - ne Do - - - mi -

p

T. Solo in no - mi - ne Do - - - mi -

p

B. Solo in no - mi - ne Do - - - mi -

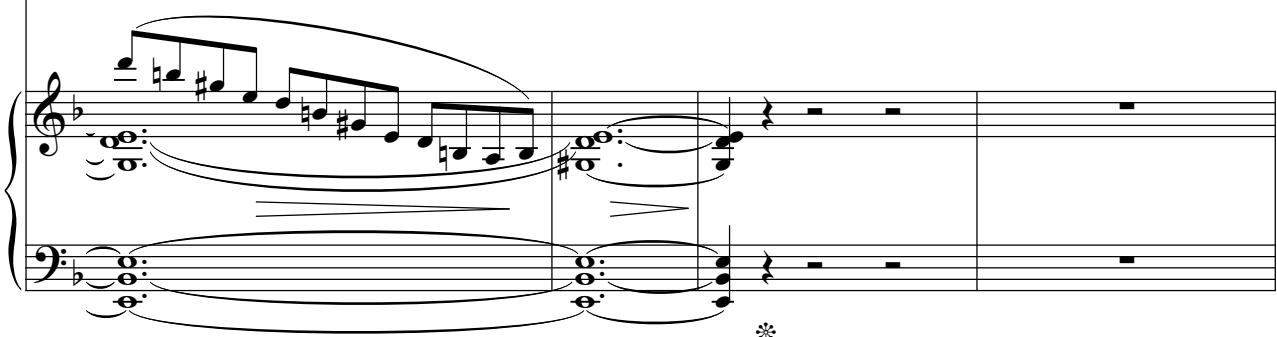
p

Reo. *

Reo.

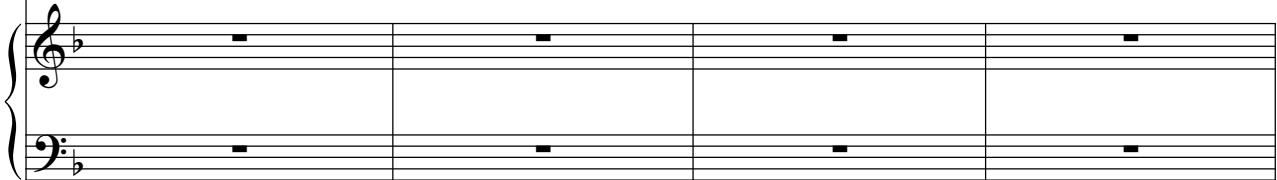
42

S. Solo dolce C
ni. Be - ne - di - ctus qui
A. Solo dolce
ni. Be - ne - di - ctus qui
T. Solo dolce
ni. Be - ne - di - ctus qui
B. Solo dolce
ni. Be - ne - di - ctus qui



46

S. Solo molto cresc.
ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni qui ve - nit in
A. Solo molto cresc.
ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni qui ve - nit in
T. Solo molto cresc.
ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni qui ve - nit in
B. Solo molto cresc.
ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni qui ve - nit in



50

S. Solo *ff* *p*
 no - mi-ne in no - mi-ne Do - - - mi - ni. Be-ne-

A. Solo *ff* *p*
 no - mi-ne in no - mi-ne Do - - - mi - ni. Be-ne-

T. Solo *ff* *p*
 8 no - mi-ne in no - mi-ne Do - - - mi - ni.

B. Solo *ff* *p*
 no - mi-ne in no - mi-ne Do - - - mi - ni.

{
 }
 {
 }

55

S. Solo di - ctus Be - ne di - ctus

A. Solo di - ctus Be - ne di - ctus

T. Solo 8 Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne

B. Solo Be - ne - di - ctus Be - ne

{
 }
 {
 }

D

58

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

di - c₈tus

di - c₄tus

pp

ppp sost.

62

67

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

p

Be - ne - di - c₃tu_s qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne

p

Be - ne - di - c₃tu_s qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne

p

Be - ne - di - c₃tu_s qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne

p

Be - ne - di - c₃tu_s qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne

ppp

71

S. Solo Do - mi - ni. Be-ne-

A. Solo Do - mi - ni. Be-ne-

T. Solo Do - mi - ni. Be-ne-

B. Solo Do - mi - ni. Be-ne-

Coro Be-ne - di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus

pp

Be-ne - di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus

Be-ne - di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus

Be-ne - di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus

{

76

S. Solo

di - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi-ne Do - mi-ni.

A. Solo

di - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi-ne Do - mi-ni.

T. Solo

⁸ di - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi-ne Do - mi-ni.

B. Solo

di - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi-ne Do - mi-ni.

Coro

Be - ne -

Be - ne -

Be - ne -

Be - ne -

{

Be - ne -

80

S. Solo A. Solo T. Solo B. Solo

Ho - Ho - Ho - Ho -

Coro

di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus Ho -
 di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus Ho -
 di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus Ho -
 di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus Be-ne - di - ctus Ho -

fff marc.

p *fff*

84

E

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Coro

The musical score consists of five staves. The top four staves represent individual vocal soloists: S. Solo (Soprano), A. Solo (Alto), T. Solo (Tenor), and B. Solo (Bass). The bottom staff represents a choral group, labeled "Coro". The vocal parts sing the lyrics "- san - na Ho - - san - na Ho -" in a repeating pattern. The Coro part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. Measure 84 begins with a melodic line in the soprano and alto voices, followed by a harmonic section consisting of eighth-note chords.

86

S. Solo A. Solo T. Solo B. Solo Coro

san - na in ex - cel - sis Ho - san - na Ho-

- san - na in ex - cel - sis

san - na in ex - cel - sis

san - na in ex - cel - sis

rall.

S. Solo 89

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Coro

pp *dim.*

Ho - san - na Ho - san - na.

pp *dim.*

Ho - san - na Ho - san - na.

pp *dim.*

Ho - san - na Ho - san - na.

pp *dim.*

Ho - san - na Ho - san - na.

pp *dim.*

Coro

8

pp <=> dim.

{

7. Agnus Dei

Allegro moderato $\text{♩} = 100$

Soli

Soprano Alto Tenore Basso

Soprani Alti Tenori Bassi

Coro

Piano

(timp., trem. ad lib.)

8

S. Solo ca - ta mun - di

A. Solo ca - ta mun - di

T. Solo ca - ta mun - di

B. Solo ca - ta mun - di

p A - gnus De - i A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec-

Coro A - gnus De - i A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec-

p A - gnus De - i A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec-

p A - gnus De - i A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec-

f

A

15

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Coro

ca - ta mun - di

dim.

21

S. Solo *mf*

A. Solo *mf* *tr* A - gnus

T. Solo A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di A - gnus

B. Solo lis pec - ca - ta mun - di A - gnus

Coro *mf* *f* *sost. e marc.*

 Mi

mf marc.

25

S. Solo De - - i A - gnus De - - i qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta

A. Solo De - - i A - gnus De - - i qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta

T. Solo De - - i A - gnus De - - i qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta

B. Solo De - - i A - gnus De - - i qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta

Coro se - - re *mf marc.* *f*

 re

30

S. Solo *tr* *mf*

mun - di A - gnus De - i qui tol - - - lis pec-

A. Solo *mf*

mun - - di A - gnus De - i qui tol - - lis pec-

T. Solo

ca - ta mun - di

B. Solo *mf*

ca - ta mun - di A - gnus

Coro

no - - bis

35

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

B

mf

ca - ta mun - di A - gnus De - i qui_ tol -

mf

ca - ta mun - di A - gnus De - i qui_ tol -

mf

pec - ca - ta mun - di A - gnus De - i qui_ tol -

mf

De - i qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di A - gnus De - i qui_ tol -

f *sost. e marc.*

Mi - se - re -

f *sost. e marc.*

Mi - se - re -

Coro

tr

mf marc.

40

S. Solo *f*

A. Solo *f*

T. Solo *f*

B. Solo *mf marc.*

Coro

lis pec - ca - ta mun-di qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di

lis pec - ca - ta mun-di qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di

lis pec - ca - ta mun-di qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di

lis pec - ca - ta mun-di qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di A - gnus

- - - - re no - - - bis

- - - - re no - - - bis

mf marc.

45

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

mf marc.

A - gnus De - - -

A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun -

De - i qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun -

mf marc.

rall.

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

C a tempo

gnus De - - i A - gnus De - i

i A-gnus De - i A - gnus De - i

di A-gnus De - i A - gnus De - i

di A-gnus De - i A - gnus De - i

p

f

p

f

p

f

f sost. e marc.

Coro

Mi - - se - -

p

f

p

f

marc. Bassi

59

S. Solo A - gnus De - i

A. Solo A - gnus De - i

T. Solo A - gnus De - i

B. Solo A - gnus De - i

Coro no - - - bis

p dolce

cresc. molto

f

64

D

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

molto dim.

p

pp

70

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

pp *sost.*

A - gnus De - i A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta pec-

pp *sost.*

A - gnus De - i A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta pec-

pp *sost.*

A - gnus De - i A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta pec-

pp *sost.*

A - gnus De - i A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta pec-

(trem. ad lib.)

mf

mf

mf

mf

77

S. Solo ca - ta mun - di

A. Solo ca - ta mun - di

T. Solo 8 ca - ta mun - di

B. Solo ca - ta mun - di

p *sost.* A - gnus De - i A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec-

p *sost.* A - gnus De - i A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec-

p *sost.* A - gnus De - i A - gnus De - i qui tol - lis pec-

pp f

E

84

S. Solo *ff sost. e marc.*

A. Solo *ff sost. e marc.*

T. Solo *ff sost. e marc.*

B. Solo *ff sost. e marc.*

Coro *ff sost. e marc.*

ca - ta mun - di Do - - na

ca - ta mun - di Do - - na

ca - ta mun - di Do - - na

ca - ta mun - di Do - - na

ff marc.

99

S. Solo men A

A. Solo men A

T. Solo men A

B. Solo men A

Coro men A

ff marc.

This musical score page contains eight staves of music. The top four staves are for solo voices: Soprano (S. Solo), Alto (A. Solo), Tenor (T. Solo), and Bass (B. Solo). The bottom four staves are for the Chorus (Coro). The vocal parts sing the words "men" and "A" in a melodic line. The Chorus parts provide harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The dynamic marking "ff marc." is at the bottom of the page.

104

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Coro

Re.

110

S. Solo

A. Solo

T. Solo

B. Solo

Coro

men

men

men

men

men

men

men

8va

*

This musical score page contains eight staves, each representing a different vocal part or instrument. The vocal parts are labeled on the left: S. Solo, A. Solo, T. Solo, B. Solo, and Coro. The bassoon part is represented by a staff at the bottom. The tempo is indicated as 110. The vocal parts sing sustained notes with grace marks, followed by a fermata and a dash. The bassoon part provides harmonic support with eighth-note chords. The vocal parts are labeled 'men' at the end of their lines. The bassoon part ends with a dynamic instruction '8va' and a final fermata with an asterisk below it.

114

S. Solo *fff* A - - - men A - men.

A. Solo *fff* A - - - men A - men.

T. Solo *fff* A - - - men A - men.

B. Solo *fff* A - - - men A - men.

Coro *fff* A - - - men A - men.

fff 8 A - - - men A - men.

fff 8 A - - - men A - men.

fff 8 A - - - men A - men.

fff marcatis.

fff

August Söderman

August Söderman (1832–1876) tillhör den lilla krets av äldre svenska tonsättare, vars verk regelbundet framförs. De mest levande verken pekar faktiskt på kännetecknande drag i hans produktion: *Ett bondbröllop* för manskvartett visar till vokaltonsättaren Söderman och bröllopsmarschen ur skådespelet *Bröllopet på Ulfåsa* antyder att han skrev musik för teaterscenen.

August Söderman mer eller mindre föddes in i Stockholms musikliv. Hans far, Johan Wilhelm Söderman, var musikanförare vid flera av huvudstadens teatrar. August Söderman studerade vid Musikkonservatoriet 1847–50 och försörjde sig direkt därefter som musiker på violin och oboe, bl.a. i Hovkapellet. 1851 engagerades han av Edvard Stjernström som musikanförare vid dennes resande teatersällskap, vilket blev början på Södermans många år vid scenen. Arbetet innebar att framställa musik för de aktuella uppsättningarna, både originalmusik och arrangemang, samt skaffa lämpliga musiker på turnéorterna. Sällskapet framträdde i Finland och Sverige. När Stjernström tog över Mindre teatern i Stockholm, blev Söderman dess musikansvarige.

1856–57 tillbringade Söderman i Leipzig för fördjupade musikstudier i främst kontrapunkt och komposition. Han fick där också tillfället att höra tidens nyare musik. Tillbaka till Stockholm fortsatte han arbetet vid Mindre teatern. 1860 blev han kormästare vid Kungliga Teatern, en period också biträdande hovkapellmästare – den ordinarie var Ludvig Norman. Söderman skulle bli denna scen trogen under resten av sitt liv. Han gjorde dock en längre resa till Tyskland 1869–70 för att bevista konserter och se operaföreställningar, parallellt med eget komponerande. 44 år gammal avled Söderman i hemstaden.

August Söderman var mycket produktiv som tonsättare. Hans scenanställningar krävde det, men han ville därutöver skriva annat. Den sceniska musiken domineras inte oväntat hans oeuvre, men han lämnade också efter sig åtskilliga sånger och körverk, liksom en del kammarmusik.

Två egenskaper fångar tonsättaren Söderman. Som teaterman levde han på förmågan att skriva musik med dramatisk nerv, musik som fick åhörarna att ryckas med. Vidare hade Söderman stort intresse för svensk folkmusik, vilket hörs i åtskilliga verk – antingen som direkta melodicitat eller genom egen musik i folkton. På den senare punkten banade han väg för senare kolleger som exempelvis Wilhelm Peterson-Berger och Hugo Alfvén.

Katolsk Messa

Mässan är bland det sista som Söderman fullbordade – partituret är daterat den 17 mars 1875 – men mycket av det musikaliska materialet är av betydligt äldre datum. Söderman återanvände nämligen delar av äldre kompositioner, både stycken för scenen och arbeten från kontrapunkts studierna i Leipzig 1856–57. I sin biografi över Söderman visar Gunnar Jeansson i detalj hur de flesta satserna i mässan innehåller material från tidigare verk (Gunnar Jeansson: *August Söderman, En svensk tonsiktares liv och verk*, Stockholm, 1926). Några av dessa, som sångspelet *Harald och Anna*, oratoriet *S:t Winfried* och operan *Zigenaren*, alla från 1850-talet, är ofullbordade utkast, vars musik annars skulle ha gått förlorad. Tillkomsten kan därmed sägas spänna över större delen av Södermans aktiva tid som tonsättare. När han började umgås med tankar på att skriva en mässa, och när han därefter började välja bland det äldre musikaliska materialet är dock obekant.

Metoden att återbruka äldre musik är för övrigt ganska ofta förekommande hos Söderman. Så t.ex. var den ofta spelade uvertyren till *Orleanska jungfrun* (även känd under namnet *Svenskt festspel*) ursprungligen uvertyr till *Några timmar på Kronborgs slott*, och delar av både *Die Wallfahrt nach Kevlaa* och *Ett bondbröllop* (det bekanta ”Öl och brännvin”-fugatot i sista satsen) går tillbaka på kontrapunktarbeten från Leipzigtiden.

Med en speltid på drygt 40 minuter, med fyra solister, blandad kör och en ovanligt stor orkesterapparat är mässan Södermans största icke-sceniska verk. Satsindelning och text är den katolska mässans traditionella, dock med två undantag: i Gloria-satsen har Söderman gjort avsevärda förkortningar av texten och även kastat om ordningsföljden mellan vissa textavsnitt, och mellan Credo- och Sanctus-satserna har han lagt in ett rent instrumentalt Offertorium.

Söderman hann aldrig uppleva något framförande av mässan. Uruppförandet ägde rum först vid Kungliga Teaterns påskdagskonsert den 1 april 1877, drygt ett år efter hans alltför tidiga bortgång. Solostämmorna sjöngs av Fredrika Stenhammar, Theresa Saxenberg, Viktor Dahlgren och Anders Willman, och i kören medverkade, för att citera tidningsannonserna, ”större delen af Lyriska scenens artister”. Hovkapellmästaren Ludvig Norman dirigerade konserten, som även upptog Beethovens tredje symfoni samt två solostycken av Henri Wieniawski med tonsättaren själv som solist.

Efter detta framförande och efter de närmast följande fick verket många positiva omdömen, men också en del kritik för att vara mer profant än kyrkligt. Dess färgstarka, närmast teatraliskt målande tonspråk måste ha verkat främmande i den svenska samtidens lutherskt präglade kyrkomusikaliska miljö. Verket är helt klart en konsertmässa, inte gudstjänstmusik, och speglar tonsättarens dragning till den katolska stämningssfären, en dragning som också visar sig i hans *Andeliga sånger* för blandad kör och orgel och inte minst i körballaden *Die Wallfahrt nach Kevlaa*.

Mässans titel utgör ett litet problem i sig. Redan i Södermans manuskript finns två olika titlar, *Missa* i partituret och *Katolsk Messa* i particellen. Vid uruppförandet kallades verket *Messa (C-moll)*, och dessutom förekom titeln *Missa solennis* i flera tidningsnotiser och annonser. I det tryckta klaverutdraget från 1881 används båda de förstnämnda titlarna och därtill beteckningen *Missa solemnis*, men *Katolsk messa* är huvudtitel, och det är detta namn som sedan blivit det mest allmänt förekommande.

August Söderman

August Söderman (1832–1876) belongs to the limited circle of earlier Swedish composers whose works are still performed regularly. The fact is that the compositions which have worn best highlight significant traits of his output: *Ett bondbröllop* (Peasant wedding), for male voice quartet, shows Söderman as a vocal composer, while the wedding march from the drama *Bröllopet på Ulfåsa* (Wedding in Ulfåsa) intimates that he wrote incidental music for the theatre.

August Söderman was practically born into Stockholm's music community. His father, Johan Wilhelm Söderman, directed the music at several Stockholm theatres. August Söderman studied at the Royal Conservatory of Music between 1847 and 1850. Immediately afterwards he began earning his living as a violinist and oboist, e.g. with the Royal Court Orchestra. In 1851 he was engaged as director of music in a touring theatre company run by Edvard Stjernström, and this marked the beginning of a long-lasting relationship with the theatre. His duties involved supplying music – both new compositions and arrangements – for current productions and finding suitable musicians in the places visited. The company performed in Finland and Sweden. When Stjernström took over Mindre teatern in Stockholm, Söderman became its director of music.

Söderman spent 1856 and 1857 in Leipzig, pursuing advanced studies, mainly in counterpoint and composition. This also gave him the opportunity of hearing more recent music. Returning to Stockholm, he resumed his post at Mindre teatern. In 1860 he became chorus master at the Royal Opera, where for a time he deputised as chief conductor, the regular incumbent being Ludvig Norman. Söderman remained true to this stage for the remainder of his life, but in 1869–70 he went on a long tour of Germany to attend concerts and operatic performances, concurrently with his activity as a composer. He died in his home city, aged 44.

August Söderman was a highly prolific composer. His theatre appointments demanded as much, but he also wanted to write music of other kinds. Not unexpectedly, his output is dominated by stage music, but he also left a good number of songs and choral compositions, as well as a certain amount of chamber music.

As a composer, Söderman can be pinned down with two qualities. In the theatre he lived on his bent for writing music with dramatic verve, music which carried the listeners away. Secondly, he was greatly interested in Swedish folk music, an interest manifested by direct melodic quotations or by music of his own in folk-tune idiom. In this latter respect he paved the way for later colleagues such as Wilhelm Petersen-Berger and Hugo Alfvén.

Catholic Mass

The mass is among the last that August Söderman completed – the score is dated 17 March 1875 – but much of the musical material is of considerably older date. In fact, Söderman recycled portions of older compositions, both from pieces for the theatre and work from his counterpoint studies in Leipzig from 1856 to 1857. In his biography of Söderman, Gunnar Jeanson shows in detail how most of the movements of the mass contain material from earlier works (Gunnar Jeanson: *August Söderman, En svensk tonsättares liv och verk*, Stockholm, 1926). Some of these, such as the comic opera *Harald och Anna*, the oratorio *S:t Winfried* and the opera *Zigenaren*, all dating from the 1850s, are unfinished drafts of music that otherwise would have been lost. The creation of the work can therefore be said to span over a large part of Söderman's active time as a composer. When he began to think about writing a mass, and when he thereafter started choosing among the older musical material, is however unknown.

The method of reusing older music actually occurs quite frequently in Söderman's work. For example, the often-played overture to *Orleanska jungfrun* (also known by the name *Svenskt festspel*) was originally an overture for *Några timmar på Kronborgs slott*, and parts of both *Die Wallfahrt nach Kevlaar* and *Ett bondbröllop* (the well known 'Öl och brännvin' – Beer and brandy – fugato in the last movement) comes from his counterpoint studies during his time in Leipzig.

With a playing time of just over 40 minutes and with four soloists, mixed choir and an uncommonly large orchestral apparatus, the mass is Söderman's largest non-theatrical work. The structure and text are that of the traditional Catholic mass, however with two exceptions: in the Gloria movement Söderman shortened the text considerably and even reversed the order of certain passages, and between the Credo and the Sanctus movements he has inserted a purely instrumental Offertorium.

Söderman never experienced a performance of the mass. The premier took place at the Easter day concert of the Royal Opera on 1 April 1877, just over a year after his untimely death. The solo parts were sung by Fredrika Stenhammar, Theresia Saxenberg, Viktor Dahlgren and Anders Willman, and those who took part in the choir were, in the words of a newspaper announcement, 'a larger part of the artists of the Lyrical stage'. The chief conductor of the Royal Court Orchestra, Ludvig Norman, conducted the concert, which also included Beethoven's Third Symphony as well as two solo pieces by Henri Wieniawski with the composer as soloist.

Following this performance and after those that closely followed, the work received many positive reviews, but also some criticism for being more secular than ecclesiastical. Its colourful, almost theatrical musical style must have seemed strange in the contemporary Swedish Lutheran-influenced church music environment. The work is clearly a concert mass, not music for worship, and reflects the composer's attraction to the ambience of the Catholic sphere, an attraction that is also revealed in his *Andeliga sånger* for mixed choir and organ, and not least of all in the choral ballad *Die Wallfahrt nach Kevlaar*.

The title of the mass in itself poses a small problem. Söderman's manuscript already has two titles, *Missa* in the full score and *Katolsk Messa* in the condensed score. At the work's premier it was called *Messa (C-moll)*, and in addition the title *Missa solennis* was used in several newspaper notices and advertisements. In the printed piano vocal score from 1881, both of the first two titles named above were used, in addition to *Missa solemnis*. However, *Katolsk messa* is the main title and is the name that has become most ubiquitous.